NEC BRIEFING MOTER

11 May 1954

## THE STRIKE SITUATION IN SOMMEAS

- I. Strong circumstantial ovidence links Guatemalan Communists with the paralyzing general strike which began on 5 May among United Fruit Company workers in Monduras in the north (Caribbean) coast region near the Guatemalan border.
  - a. This evidence includes:
    - 1. Communist labor agitators from Guatemala long reported operating in area. Access from unguarded Guatemalan border is easy.
    - 3. Coordinated strike of an estimated 25,000 widely scattered workers, who have had no overt labor organization, in the past, indicates long and efficient planning.
    - 3. Exaggorated domands by present strike leaders and their initial 48-hour ultimatum to company suggests their real concern is with other than bons fide labor objectives.
    - Indications that strike leaders have sufficient funds to provide strikers with food requirements.
    - 5. Contemalar military plane landed without clearance on 1 May in Monduran north coast city of Fuerto Cortes. Searched by Honduran authorities and reportedly found to contain a pap of United Fruit

- Approved For Release 2000/08/30 . Single provided to 2000/08/30 . Company holdings in Honduras with suspicious, but unidentifiable, markings.
  - 6. On 5 May the Honduran government publicly charged two Guatemalan consuls with subversive activities and closed the two consulates on north coast.
  - 7. Guatemalan ambassador in Honduras recalled on 6 May for consultation.
  - 8. Communist literature inciting to strike found in area -- origin undetermined.
  - 9. Men reported preparing to cross border from Guatemala; Honduran troops now patrolling border.
  - 10. Communist General Confederation of Guatemalan
    Workers (CGTG) issues statement 7 May offering
    "moral and economic support" to strikers.
- II. The strike appears shrewdly timed to coincide with growing political rivalries over the Honduran presidential and congressional elections due 10 October.
  - A. Roughly even three-way political split as elections approach.
    - 1. Nationalist Party -- Nominated 80 year old exdictator Tiburcio Carias, who ruled country with strong hand. 1933-48.
      - a. Carias is generally unpopular but reported prepared for a coup if defeat appears probable.

- Carias rumored capable of bringing
   9,000 armed men into capital in single
   day.
- Strong anti-Carias faction in army likely to take counteraction in event of Carias coup.
- b. Carias claims to be only candidate capable of dealing with Communist threat.
- Reformist Party supporters of President Galves
  who split from Nationalistss and nominated General
  Abraham Williams, pro-US, anti-Communist, Vice
  President under Carias.
- Liberal Party Traditional opposition party, now believed infiltrated by Communists. Candidate: Dr. Ramon VILLEDA Morales.
- B. Carias is therefore likely to exploit current strike in attempt to show need for his strong hand.
- C. Lack of decisive government action re present strike could be pretext for coup by Carias.
- III. The Honduran government is probably able to maintains order, at least temporarily, in strike zone.
  - A. Thus far the strikers have remained orderly and appear unarmed, except for their machetes.
  - B. Troops in the area were promptly reinforced and control most major points .

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  C. Honduran civil and military leaders on the scene have assisted company officials in atempts to negotiate with strikers.
  - It has been difficult, however, to find representative strike committee with which to negotiate.
- IV. Since workers' wages and benefits are actually less than those of United Fruit employees in neighboring countries. The strike is susceptible to varied Communist exploitation.
  - A. Honduran politicians are, for the mpst part, notably naive with respect to Communist tactics and might grant Communists an entering wedge in political scene in return for a strike settlement.
  - B. Non-Communist leftists in Honduras are likely to sympathize with strikers, especially if Communist direction is not established.
  - C. Nationalistic, anti-US sentiments are being stirred

    S throughout Central America where the United Fruit

    Company is a strong emotional issue.